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MAR ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 Washington DC PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	1/01/12 AND E	AND ENDING 12/31/12		
NGI ON THE LEGICAL STATE OF THE	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A, REC	GISTRANT IDENTIFICATION			
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: TFO CAPITA	rttc		OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS 650 Madison Avenue 20th Floor	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.	
	(No. and Street)			
New York	New York	100	22	
(City)	(State)	(Zip	Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P. John C. Griffin - 646-558-2078	ERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD	TO THIS REPO	RT	
		(A	rea Code - Telephone Number)	
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	N .		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained in this Repo	ort*		
Morrison, Brown, Argiz & Farra LLC				
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle	name)	3,11	
1450 Brickell Avenue Suite 1800	Miami	Florida	33131	
(Address)	(City)	(S (S) (S) (S)	RECEIVED	
CHECK ONE:			1118 m a 8818	
☑ Certified Public Accountant			MAR 04 2013	
Public Accountant			ISTRATIONS BRANCH	
Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.		13	HOMAND CANDINATION	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

- Walvy

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, John C. Griffin		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial a		and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of, as
of December 31	_, 2012	are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, princ classified solely as that of a customer, except as follow		er or director has any proprietary interest in any account
La cha Mal		Signature Chief financial Officer Title
Notary Public This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):		KRYSTAL M. CHARLES Notary Public – State of New York No. 01CH6168871 Qualified in Bronx County Certificate filed in New York County
(b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subording.	y or Partne ated to Cla	nims of Creditors.
Computation for Determination of the Reserv	ntrol Requ nation of t re Require	irements Under Rule 1563-3. he Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 1563-1 and the
consolidation. (I) An Oath or Affirmation. (II) A convert the SIRC Supplemental Report.		xist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audi
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain	portions o	of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member TFO Capital, LLC

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of TFO Capital, LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2012, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that are filed pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of TFO Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Member TFO Capital, LLC Page Two

Emphasis-of-Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company is dependent on its member to provide financial support for its operations. The Company's ability to continue operations is dependent upon the member's willingness and ability to continue providing the necessary capital for the Company to maintain compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1). Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information in the Schedules I, II, III and IV has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information in Schedules I, II, III and IV is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

New York, NY

February 25, 2013

morrison. Brown, agiz & Fana

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2012

ASSETS		
Cash		31,846
Accounts receivable	1	4,515
Prepaid expenses and other assets		997
	\$4	7.358
MEMBER'S EQUITY		
MEMBER'S EQUITY	\$A	7.358

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

the contract of the contract o	The second secon
REVENUES: Advisory fees	\$ 86,3 <u>56</u>
EXPENSES: General and administrative Professional fees Travel and entertainment Regulatory expenses License and registration	40,992 32,813 40,401 21,476 23,096
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u> 158,778</u>
NET LOSS	\$ (72,422)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

•						
	MEMBER'S CAPITAL		ACCUMULATED DEFICIT		MEMBER'S EQUITY	
BALANCES, JANUARY 1, 2012	\$	125,000	\$	(21,220)	\$	103,780
NET LOSS		-		(72,422)		(72,422)
MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS	***	16,000	e-14-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-	-		16,000
BALANCES, DECEMBER 31, 2012	<u>\$</u>	141.000	\$	(93,642)	\$	47.358

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2012

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	\$ (72,422)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and other assets	(14,515) 2,018
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	(12,497)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(84,919)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Member contributions	16,000
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(68,919)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	100,765
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 31.846

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

1. ORGANIZATION

Operations

TFO Capital, LLC (the "Company") was organized in the State of Delaware in 2011. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as a broker-dealer and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

Transactions with Member

During 2012, the Company started to generate revenues, however, has not been able to maintain its operations and thus has been dependent on the Member to make capital contributions from time to time to maintain compliance with Rule 15c3-1. The Company will likely continue to depend on the Member for these capital contributions.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting policies and reporting practices of the Company conform to the predominant practices in the broker-dealer industry and are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cash

The Company considers cash to include highly liquid investments with purchased maturities of three months or less.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at December 31, 2012 and revenues and expenses during the year then ended. The actual outcome of the estimates could differ from the estimates made in the preparation of the financial statements.

Income Taxes

The Company is treated as a disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes and generally would not incur income taxes or have any unrecognized tax benefits. Instead, its earnings and losses are included in the tax return of its owner and taxed depending on the owner's tax situation. As a result, the financial statements do not reflect a provision for income taxes.

The Company recognizes and measures tax positions taken or expected to be taken in its tax return based on their technical merit and assesses the likelihood that the positions will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances and information available at the end of each period. Interest and penalties on tax liabilities, if any, would be recorded in expenses.

The U.S. Federal jurisdiction and New York are the major tax jurisdictions where the Company files income tax returns. The Company is subject to U.S. Federal examinations by tax authorities for all years since inception.

Government and Other Regulation

A broker-dealer of securities business is subject to significant regulation by various governmental agencies and self-regulatory organizations. Such regulation includes, among other things, periodic examinations by these regulatory bodies to determine whether the Company is conducting and reporting its operations in accordance with the applicable requirements of these organizations. As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires that the Company maintain a minimum net capital, as defined.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2012

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Advisory Fees

Advisory fees are recorded as income when earned under the terms of each financial advisory agreement.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 25, 2013, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. NET CAPITAL RULE

The Company, as a registered broker-dealer in securities, is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) that requires that the Company maintain "Net Capital" equal to the greater of \$5,000 or 6-2/3% of "Aggregate Indebtedness," as defined. At December 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$31,846 which was \$26,846 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital should not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2012, the ratio of "Aggregate Indebtedness" to "Net Capital" was 0 to 1.

4. RELATED PARTIES

On May 4, 2012, the Company entered into an office expense sharing agreement with Ranieri Financial Services, LLC ("RFS"), an entity related through common ownership. The terms of the agreement calls for the Company to pay fixed monthly fees of \$2,845, which include a percentage of rental fees, bookkeeping and compliance, IT support, and various administrative expenses. The Company paid monthly fees totaling \$22,383 for the year ended December 31, 2012, which is included in general and administrative expenses in the accompanying statement of operations.

5. MEMBER'S CAPITAL

The Company operates under an operating agreement ("Agreement") with a perpetual term, unless terminated under provisions of the Agreement. Membership capital is non-interest bearing and members are not entitled to withdraw or demand capital amounts, unless as provided for in the Agreement. Profit and losses are allocated principally based on each members pro rata share of total capital.

6. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company encounters economic risk, mainly comprised of credit risk and market risk. Credit risk arises from the customer securities activities which are transacted on either cash or margin basis. These transactions may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and margin requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses which customers may incur. In the event the customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill those obligations. In connection with its clearing arrangements, the Company is required to guarantee the performance of its customers in meeting their contracted obligations.

Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of customers are engaged in similar business activities, activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions.

At various times during the year, the Company has maintained deposits with other financial institutions in excess of amounts insured. The exposure to the Company from these transactions is solely dependent upon daily balances and the financial strength of the respective institutions.

7. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Company made a distribution to its member totaling \$10,000 on January 2, 2013.

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

SCHEDULE !

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

CREDITS Member's equity	\$ <u>47,358</u>
DEBITS Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and other assets	14,515
NET CAPITAL	31,846
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$0 or \$5,000, whichever is greater	5,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	\$ 26.846
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	0%
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$

SCHEDULE II

RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION TO COMPANY'S CORRESPONDING UNAUDITED FORM X-17A-5, PART II FILING AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

There are no material differences between the net capital computation on the Company's unaudited focus report Part IIA of form X-17A-5 and the computation reflected above as of December 31, 2012.

SCHEDULE !!!

STATEMENT ON EXEMPTION FROM THE COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS AND INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

In accordance with the exemptive provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3, especially exemption k (2) (i), the Company is exempt from the computation of reserve requirements and the information relating to the possession or control requirements. Under this provision, the Company is required to maintain a special account for the exclusive benefit of its customers; however, during 2012, the Company did not provide services to warrant the maintenance of such account.

SCHEDULE IV SUBORDINATED BORROWINGS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2012

As of December 31, 2012 and during the year then ended, the Company did not have any subordinated borrowings.

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORTS



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 17a-5(g) (1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15c3-3

To the Member TFO Capital, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and accompanying information of TFO Capital, LLC (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

To the Member TFO Capital, LLC Page Two

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and the Company's member, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

New York, NY

February 25, 2013

monison. Brown, aging & Fana



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

To the Member of TFO Capital, LLC 650 Madison Avenue – 20th Floor New York, NY 10022

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e) (4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2012, which were agreed to by TFO Capital, LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating TFO Capital, LLC's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7), TFO Capital, LLC's management is responsible for the TFO Capital, LLC's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

 Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries and copies of checks, noting no differences;

Check Date	Check number	<u>Payee</u>	Amount		
August 1, 2012	136	SIPC	\$	165	
January 17, 2013	162	SIPC	\$	51	

- Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17a-5 for the year ended December 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2012, noting no differences;
- Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with focus reports, general ledger and financial statements from January 1, 2012 to December 31, 2012, noting no differences;
- Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you,

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone than these specified parties.

Monison. Brown, aging & Jana New York, NY February 25, 2013